

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION 1	۱O.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/800,746		03/16/2004	Regis Berger	12008-6US SC/sm	1186
20988	75	90 08/11/2005		EXAMINER	
:		NAULT LLP COLLEGE AVENUE	FRANCIS, FAYE		
SUITE 1		COLLEGE AVENUE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		QC H3A2Y3	. 3725		
CANAD	A		DATE MAILED: 08/11/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	^	
(	_	

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/800,746	BERGER ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Faye Francis	3725					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported to the second section apported to the second section apport	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	\$S				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 August 2005.							
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowa			erits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under the	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.E	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	<ul> <li>✓ Claim(s) 6-11 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) 6-11 is/are rejected.</li> <li>☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>							
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	•					
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date					
3) Inform	r No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152	<b>!)</b>				

Application/Control Number: 10/800,746

Art Unit: 3725

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 6-11 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berger et al. [5,699,915], hereinafter Berger in view of Higgins [4,050,219].

Berger discloses in Figs 1-5, a pack of compressible particle material [palletized peat moss 100] comprising a base [pallet 104], a body of compressed particle material [peat moss 102] in bulk form upstanding freely from the base and compressed directly thereon [via plastic film 106] as recited in claim 6, the compressible particle material is peat moss as recited in claim 7. Additionally, Berger discloses the peal moss has a water content ranging from about 25 to about 50 weight % and a density ranging from about 0.05 to about 0.15 gm/cc on dry basis directly thereon [col 5 lines 54-57] as recited in claim 8, the base is a pallet as recited in claim 10.

Berger does not disclose a bag enclosing the body and producing a compressive force thereon so as to retain the compressed particle material in bulk compressed form on the base, the bag is stretchable having a mouth perimeter which is smaller than a body perimeter when the bag is in a relaxed state as recited in claim 11.

Higgins teaches the concept of providing a loaded pallet with a stretchable bag

24 formed of tubing of resilient film, the bag enclosing the body and producing a

Application/Control Number: 10/800,746

on Control Hamber: 10/000;

Art Unit: 3725

compressive force thereon so as to retain the compressed particle material in bulk compressed form on the base [col 1 lines 58-68] and the bag having a mouth perimeter which is smaller than a body perimeter when the bag is in a relaxed state [col 3 lines 58-65] in order to provide the load with even covering. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the device of Berger with the bag covering as taught by Higgins in order to provide the load with even covering and also to reduce the labor cost by reducing the time required to cover the load. To the extend if Higgins fails to disclose the bag out of plastic, it would have been obvious to make the bag out of plastic to make it more cost effective [see cited patent to Stirling for example only].

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 8/1/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument on page 4, the examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. In re. Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re. Simon, 174 USPQ 114 (CCPA 1972); In re. McLauglin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). References are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re.

Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969). In this case, the artisan would have been motivated to provide the device of Berger with the bag covering as taught by Higgins in order to provide the load with even covering and also to reduce the labor cost by reducing the time required to cover the load

### Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Faye Francis whose telephone number is 571-272-4423. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Derris Banks can be reached on 571-272-4419. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/800,746

Art Unit: 3725

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

FF

DERRIS H. BANKS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700

Page 5